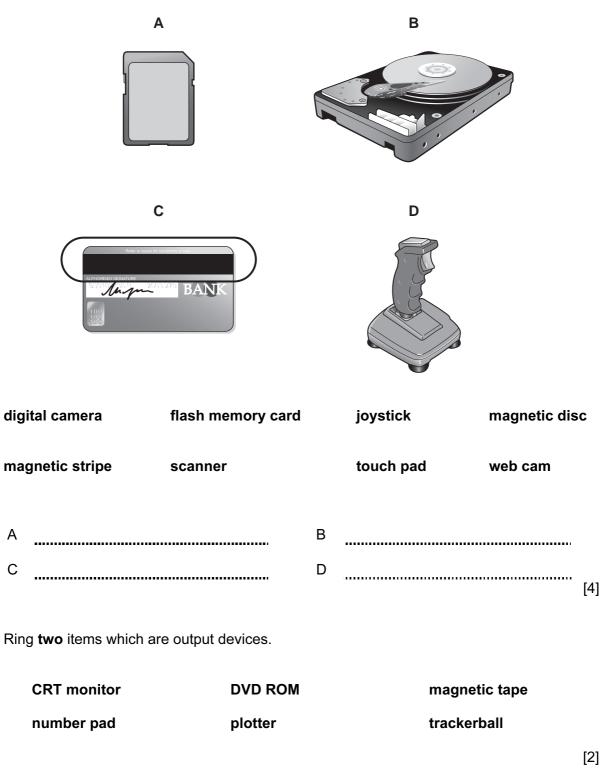
For Examiner's Use

1 Name the items **A**, **B**, **C** and **D** using the words from the list.



2

3

	True	False
Control software is used to create slide shows.		
Palmtop computers do not have internal DVD drives.		
Presentation software can be used to produce databases.		
An internet browser uses an inference engine.		
Motors are output devices.		

[5]

For Examiner's Use

4 Complete each sentence below using **one** item from the list.

A bar code reader	A dot matrix printer	A graphics tablet
A laser printer	A microphone	A multimedia projector
A presence check	A speaker	A temperature sensor
A magnetic tape		

- (a) produces hard copy in harsh conditions.
- (b) inputs sounds.
- (c) is used to show slideshows.
- (d) is a validation rule.
- (e) is used to create backups from a server's hard disc.

[5]

3 Tick **True** or **False** next to each of these statements.

The head teacher of a school wants to build a weather station. She wants to use a 5 For computer to collect the results. Examiner's Use List **three** sensors that would be needed. 1 2 3 [3] Draw four lines on the diagram to match the use to its most appropriate input device. 6 Input device Use to select options from a list keyboard to type data into a database optical mark reader to input candidate examination answers chip reader

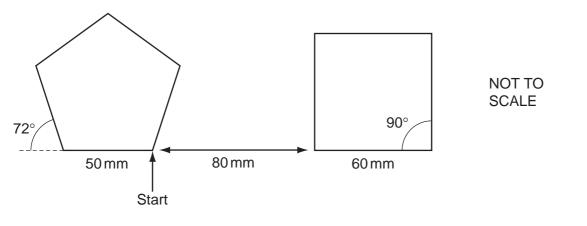
to input data directly from a bank card

[4]

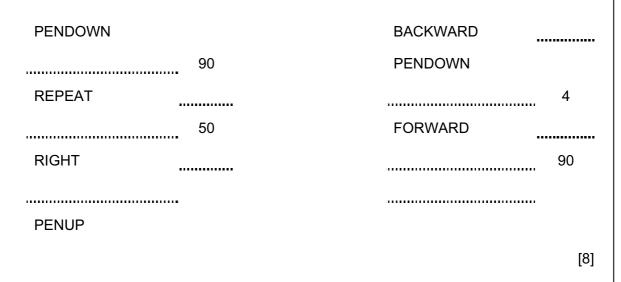
mouse

7 A floor turtle can use the following instructions:

INSTRUCTION	MEANING
FORWARD n	Move <i>n</i> mm forward
BACKWARD n	Move <i>n</i> mm backward
LEFT t	Turn left <i>t</i> degrees
RIGHT t	Turn right <i>t</i> degrees
PENUP	Lift the pen
PENDOWN	Lower the pen
REPEAT n	Repeat the following instructions <i>n</i> times
END REPEAT	Finish the REPEAT loop



Complete the set of instructions to draw this shape by filling in the blank lines.



For Examiner's Use 8 Tick **True** or **False** next to each statement describing encryption.

TrueFalseEncryption prevents hackers from understanding the data.IEncryption destroys viruses.IEncryption prevents unauthorised access to computer systems.IEncryption is the scrambling of data.I

[4]

For Examiner's Use

9 A group of car mechanics wants to have an expert system to help them with their work in diagnosing car engine faults.

Describe how such a system would be created.

[5]

10 Describe online processing of data, using the booking of airline tickets as an example. [4] 11 A manager of a new company has just purchased some computers. She wishes to connect these computers together to form a LAN. Name and describe three network devices she might need to have in order to achieve this. Device 1 Description Device 2 Description Device 3 Description [6]

For Examiner's Use **12** Chi has asked Toby, a systems analyst, to create a new database system for his property agency in France. He only deals with apartments and houses. Here are some of the questions customers ask:

For Examiner's Use

Have you got a house for less than €500000? Have you got an apartment with three bedrooms? Have you got a house with more than 160 square metres floor space?

(a) Complete the design table below filling in the field names and the **most** appropriate data types to create a database which would answer these questions.

Field name	Data type
	Integer
Price	

[6]

(b) Compare and contrast parallel running and direct changeover as ways of implementing the new database system.

[5]

13 A teacher has developed a new system for keeping a record of student examination marks on her laptop and wishes to test it. Each examination is marked out of 50. Identify **three** types of test data she could use and describe each type using an example. Туре 1 Description Туре 2 Description Туре 3 Description [6] 14 Schools are concerned with the possibility that students are using the schools' internet connections to access undesirable sites. Name and describe two security methods the schools could use to prevent this from happening. Method 1 Description Method 2 Description [4]

For

Examiner's Use **15** Paul, a manufacturer of goods, offers discounts. The discounts are coded D, N or P. Paul keeps the details on this spreadsheet.

For Examiner's Use

	Α	В	с	D
1	Code	Rate		
2	D	10%		
3	Ν	15%		
4	Р	20%		
5				
6	Code	Price	Discount	Discounted Price
7	D	\$4.00	=IF(A7="D",B7*\$B\$2,IF(A7="N",B7*\$B\$3,IF(A7="P",B7*\$B\$4)))	
8	Р	\$2.85	=IF(A8="D",B8*\$B\$2,IF(A8="N",B8*\$B\$3,IF(A8="P",B8*\$B\$4)))	
9	D	\$1.55	=IF(A9="D",B9*\$B\$2,IF(A9="N",B9*\$B\$3,IF(A9="P",B9*\$B\$4)))	
10	Ν	\$0.98	=IF(A10="D",B10*\$B\$2,IF(A10="N",B10*\$B\$3,IF(A10="P",B10*\$B\$4)))	
11	D	\$4.05	=IF(A11="D",B11*\$B\$2,IF(A11="N",B11*\$B\$3,IF(A11="P",B11*\$B\$4)))	
12	D	\$10.00	=IF(A12="D",B12*\$B\$2,IF(A12="N",B12*\$B\$3,IF(A12="P",B12*\$B\$4)))	
13	Ρ	\$11.95	=IF(A13="D",B13*\$B\$2,IF(A13="N",B13*\$B\$3,IF(A13="P",B13*\$B\$4)))	
14	D	\$5.15	=IF(A14="D",B14*\$B\$2,IF(A14="N",B14*\$B\$3,IF(A14="P",B14*\$B\$4)))	
15	D	\$5.25	=IF(A15="D",B15*\$B\$2,IF(A15="N",B15*\$B\$3,IF(A15="P",B15*\$B\$4)))	
16	Ν	\$4.50	=IF(A16="D",B16*\$B\$2,IF(A16="N",B16*\$B\$3,IF(A16="P",B16*\$B\$4)))	
17	Ν	\$7.25	=IF(A17="D",B17*\$B\$2,IF(A17="N",B17*\$B\$3,IF(A17="P",B17*\$B\$4)))	
18	Ν	\$14.50	=IF(A18="D",B18*\$B\$2,IF(A18="N",B18*\$B\$3,IF(A18="P",B18*\$B\$4)))	

(Commas are used as delimiters in the formulae shown below.)

(a) Explain what the formula in cell C7 does.

	••••
	[6]
(b) What value would you expect to see in cell C12?	
	[1]

	(c)	The formula was entered into cell C7 using a keyboard. Explain how to make this formula appear in cells C8 to C18 by just using a mouse.	For Examiner's Use
		[3]	
	(d)	What formula should be typed into cell D7 to calculate the discounted price?	
		[1]	
	(e)	Paul could extend this spreadsheet to calculate his total profit. He could then use it as a model. Give two reasons why financial models are used.	
		1	
		2	
		[2]	
16	Des	scribe four features of a graphical user interface (GUI).	
	1		
	 2		
	3		
	4	[4]	
		[4]	

17 A head teacher wishes to publicise school activities to make his school better known in the neighbourhood. He could do this by using the school's website or producing a magazine using DTP to be delivered by hand.

Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of each method.

For

Examiner's Use

18	Robots are now used on many car production lines. Describe how their use has affected the nature of employment in the car industry.

.....

.....

.....

.....

For Examiner's Use

[6]

	Pa	ge 2	Mai	k Scheme: Tea	achers' version	Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE – May	/June 2012	0417	13
1	A B C D	Flash me Magnetic Magnetic Joystick					[1] [1] [1] [1]
2		T monitor	>	DVD ROM	magnetic ta	pe	[1]
	Nun	nber pad	(plotter	trackerball		[1]

3

	True	False
Control software is used to create slide shows		✓
Palmtop computers do not have DVD drives	~	
Presentation software can be used to produce databases		~
An internet browser uses an inference engine		~
Motors are output devices	✓	

(a) A dot matrix printer 4 produces hard copy in harsh conditions. [1] (b) A microphone inputs sounds. [1] (c) A multimedia projector is used to show slideshows. [1] (d) A presence check is a validation rule. [1] (e) A magnetic tape is used to create backups from a server's hard disc. [1]

5 Three from:

Temperature sensor Pressure sensor Moisture sensor Humidity sensor Light sensor Motion sensor

[3]

[5]

	Page 3	Mark Sc	heme: Teachers' ve	rsion	Syllabus	Paper	
		IGC	SE – May/June 2012	2	0417	13	
6	to select options	from a list		→ k	eyboard		
	to type data into a	a database		• 0	ptical mark reade	∍r	
	to input candidate	e examinat	tion answers	C C	hip reader		
	to input data dire	ctly from a	a bank card	n 👟	nouse		[4]
7	PEN DOWN		BACKWARD	<u>140</u>			
	LEFT	90	PENDOWN				
	REPEAT	<u>5</u>	REPEAT	4			
	FORWARD	50	FORWARD	<u>60</u>			
	RIGHT	<u>72</u>	RIGHT	90			
	END REPEAT		END REPEAT				

PENUP

One mark for every line except the square then one mark per two instructions

[8]

8

	True	False
Encryption prevents hackers from understanding the data	~	
Encryption destroys viruses		~
Encryption prevents unauthorised access to computer systems		~
Encryption is the scrambling of data	✓	

[4]

9 Five from: Data is gathered/collected from experts Knowledge base is designed/created A structure to relate each item in the database / knowledge base is created An interrogation technique to access the data is created A user interface/method of displaying the results/method of inputting data/ input screen/output screen is designed/created The inference engine is designed/created The system is tested

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0417	13

10 Four from:

User/customer is in direct contact with the main computer/CPU Appears that nobody else can access system at that point/processing is almost immediate Computer asks customer for details of flight Computer asks for personal details of passengers Computer searches for matching flights Computer may display list of seats available Computer may ask customer to select a seat (Customer selects seat from those available and) computer flags seat as booked Computer asks customer to complete payment details Computer checks details are valid by communicating with customer's bank Computer checks if sufficient funds Airline's database is updated immediately Number of seats available reduces by number booked Prevents double booking Confirmation/e-ticket may be sent to customer by email

11 Three matched pairs from:

Hub

Broadcasts data packets to computers in a LAN

Switch

Directs data to specific computers

Bridge

Connects two LANs together to form a larger LAN/Directs data packets to specific networks

NIC

Enables computer to be connected to a network

12 (a)

Number of bedrooms	integer	
Price	currency	
Property Type	Boolean	
Floor space/area	numeric	

1 mark for each correctly filled gap

[6]

[6]

[4]

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0417	13

(b) Five from:

Parallel running is running the old and new system together

Direct changeover is stopping the old system and starting the new one immediately

Parallel running is more expensive to implement than direct changeover....

....more expensive as two sets of workers have to be employed

Benefits of direct changeover are immediate whereas this is not the case with parallel running.

Parallel running is slower to implement

If new system fails there is no backup system with direct changeover but there is with parallel running

With parallel running training can be gradual unlike direct changeover which is difficult to organise [5]

13 Three matched pairs from:

Normal

Within a given range such as 30 out of 50

Abnormal outside the given range or of wrong data type such as 56 out of 50 or 'sixty'

Extreme	
At the boundaries of the given range e.g. 0 or 50)

[6]

14 Two matched pairs

Proxy server

The proxy server can restrict the web sites students can access/can block access to sites with objectionable material

Firewall

Limits the computers (using IP address) that can access the system/that can be accessed from within the school

Applying parental guidance settings.	
Can block undesirable topics	

15 (a) Six from:

Checks to see if the value of A7 is "D" If it is, the value in B7/4.00 is multiplied by the value in B2/10% If it isn't, checks to see if the value in A7 is "N" If it is, the value in B7/4.00 is multiplied by the value in B3/15% If it isn't, checks to see if the value in A7 is "P" If it is, the value in B7/4.00 is multiplied by the value in B4/20% If it isn't, "FALSE" is generated A7 contains "D" In this example answer is \$4.00 x 10%/ answer is \$0.40

[1]

[6]

[4]

(b) \$1.00

	Ра	ge 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2012	0417	13
	(c)	Until blad	om: on C7 and manoeuvred to bottom right hand corner ck cross appears oss dragged down to C18	of cell	
	Or three from:				
		Selected	cked on C7 select copy from menu l C8 to C18 ck and click on paste		
			t cells C7 to C18		
		Click on Click on			[3]
	(d)	= b7 – c7	7		[1]
	(e)	results c you can Easier to	n: what will happen without spending a lot of money an be seen in a shorter space of time ask many whatif questions which would be impraction o change data/variables test predictions more easily/model can make prediction		ely [2]
16	Win	idow – an	area on the screen that displays information for a s	pecific program.	[1]
	Icon represents a folder or a program - can be seen within a window or freestanding on screen[1]			g on screen[1]	
	Mei	nus – con	tains lists of options for a certain program/software		[1]
	Poi	nting devi	ce/Pointer – used to select menu options/icons/clos	e/open windows	[1]

Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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17 Six from:

Advantages of DTP

Can be sure every local family gets to see it Not everybody has a computer/internet/modem Can read it anywhere/not limited to where computer is.

Disadvantages of website

Can't be sure every local family gets to see it Not everybody has a computer/internet/modem Can't read it anywhere/ limited to where computer is.

Disadvantages of DTP

Takes time to physically distribute by hand Might need to pay somebody to distribute by hand Costs of ink/paper/printing Not as easy to update Not interactive/hyperlinks No animation/video No sound

Advantages of website No costs of ink/paper/printing Easier to update Interactive/hyperlinks Animation/video Sound

Allow one mark for a reasoned conclusion

18 Six from:

Car workers have been made unemployed Car workers have had to be retrained Car workers have become deskilled More technical staff have been employed Work areas are cleaner There is a healthier environment Workers have a safer environment Fewer manual tasks

[6]